AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Azusa Unified School District Azusa, California

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Azusa Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, budgetary comparison schedule on page 69, schedule of changes in the District's Total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 70, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - MPP program on page 71, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 72 - 74 and the schedule of District contributions on page 76 - 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harshwal & Company llP

San Diego, California January 17, 2023

INTRODUCTION

This section of Azusa Unified School District's (the "District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for FY 2022 are as follows:

- At year-end the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$(104,433,705) i.e. net position (deficit), an increase of \$25,214,175 in total net position over FY 2021.
- General revenues (property taxes and unrestricted revenue) accounted for \$104,660,795 or 67.59% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$50,185,288 or 32.41% of total revenues of \$154,846,083. Total expense was \$129,680,391.
- The District has two major funds the General Fund, and the Building Fund.
 - O At the end of FY 2022, the fund balance of the General Fund, as required by GASB 54, was \$33,065,493. Of this total, \$3,642,498 was unassigned. The General Fund had \$129,900,211 in revenues and transfers in, and \$123,978,133 in expenditures and transfers out, an increase in fund balance of \$5,922,078 from the prior year.
 - O Building Fund revenues and expenditures can vary significantly from one year to the next for a variety of reasons. The ending fund balance for FY 2022 was \$33,878,389, which was \$12,044,984 more than the prior year. This increase can be attributed to proceeds from new issue and sale of bonds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental and proprietary.

The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Proprietary Funds* reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is Azusa Unified School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them year to year. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the District's Board of Education is responsible for providing services to students, and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of TK to grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. These activities are paid for by a mix of Federal, State, and Local funds, including property taxes, user fees, interest income, and general obligation bonds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position.* In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position (deficit) was \$(104,433,705) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an increase in net position from the prior year by \$(25,214,175). Of this amount, \$(44,144,307) was unrestricted deficit. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use those net positions for day-to-day operations. The analysis, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1: Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Net Change	Percentage Change		
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 142,200,025	\$ 115,699,095	\$ 26,500,930	22.91 %		
Capital assets	88,139,276	93,092,667	(4,953,391)	(5)%		
Total assets	230,339,301	208,791,762	21,547,539	10.32 %		
Deferred outflows of resources	26,067,709	27,115,510	(1,047,801)	(3.86)%		
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	25,661,946	21,158,248	4,503,698	21.29 %		
Long-term liabilities	276,255,733	331,939,749	(55,684,016)	(16.78)%		
Total liabilities	301,917,679	353,097,997	(51,180,318)	(14.49)%		
Deferred inflows of resources	58,923,036	12,457,155	46,465,881	373.01 %		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	(94,352,790)	(28,659,031)	(65,693,759)	(229.23)%		
Restricted	34,063,392	34,924,173	(860,781)	(2.46)%		
Unrestricted	(44,144,307)	(135,913,022)	91,768,715	67.52 %		
Total net position	<u>\$(104,433,705)</u>	<u>\$(129,647,880)</u>	\$ 25,214,175	19.45 %		

In comparing FY 2022 to the prior year we noted the following:

- Current and other assets increased by \$26,500,930.
- Capital assets decreased by \$4,953,391.
- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$55,684,016, primarily due to decrease of net pension liabilities of the District. Under GASB 75, the OPEB liabilities in FY 2022 decreased by \$2,327,820. For more information, see Note - 8 and Note - 9 Long-Term Obligations, in the "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements" section.
- Under GASB 68, the net pension liabilities recorded in FY 2022 decreased by \$61,181,050. For more information on pension, see Note 12 Employee Retirement Systems, in the "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements" section.
- Current liabilities in FY 2022 increased by \$4,503,698.
- Of our total net position, net investment in capital assets decreased by \$65,693,759. The restricted net position decreased by \$860,781. The unrestricted net position increased by \$91,768,715.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 17. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, and rearranges it slightly so the reader can see the total revenues for the year.

Table 2: Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Change	Percentage Change	
REVENUES:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 6,128,968	\$ 924,670	\$ 5,204,298	562.83 %	
Operating grants and contributions	44,056,320	49,482,495	(5,426,175)	(10.97)%	
General revenues:					
Property taxes	29,179,577	29,330,921	(151,344)	(0.52)%	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	72,599,417	66,596,980	6,002,437	9.01 %	
Other general revenue	2,881,801	13,963,516	(11,081,715)	(79.36)%	
Total revenues	154,846,083	160,298,582	(5,452,499)	(3.40)%	
EXPENSES:					
Instruction - related services	83,948,775	96,758,376	(12,809,601)	(13.24)%	
Pupil services	15,186,979	13,352,868	1,834,111	13.74 %	
General administration	7,689,182	7,937,737	(248,555)	(3.13)%	
Plant services and facilities acquisition and maintenance	11,670,447	12,957,092	(1,286,645)	(9.93)%	
Ancillary and community services	761,867	333,496	428,371	128.45 %	
Debt service	5,238,248	8,497,143	(3,258,895)	(38.35)%	
Other outgo	1,440,009	3,466,543	(2,026,534)	(58.46)%	
Enterprise activities	3,744,884		3,744,884	100.00 %	
Total expenses	129,680,391	143,303,255	(13,622,864)	(9.51)%	
Change in net position	25,165,692	16,995,327	8,170,365	48.07 %	
Net position beginning of the year	(129,647,880)	(146,643,207)	16,995,327	11.59 %	
Prior period adjustments	48,483		48,483	100.00 %	
Net position beginning of the year, as restated	(129,599,397)	(146,643,207)	17,043,810	11.62 %	
Net position end of the year	<u>\$(104,433,705)</u>	<u>\$(129,647,880)</u>	\$ 25,214,175	19.45 %	

The most significant changes resulted in the following:

- Property tax collections were lower due to a decrease in property assessed valuations.
- Other general revenues increased as a result of increase in interest and investment earnings, and miscellaneous income.
- Expenses on instruction and instruction related services decreased in FY 2022.
- Expenses on plant services decreased in FY 2022.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on Page 17, the net cost of all governmental activities this year was \$79,495,103. However, the amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$29,179,577 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs \$6,128,968 or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions \$44,056,320. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$2,881,801 in general revenue, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3: Net Cost of Services

	Net Cost of Services						
	2022	2021	<u>Change</u>	Percentage Change			
Instruction	\$ 41,443,296	\$ 48,330,706	\$ (6,887,410)	(14.25)%			
Instruction-related services	11,257,868	11,362,259	(104,391)	(0.92)%			
Pupil services	5,539,253	3,971,195	1,568,058	39.49 %			
General administration	6,714,340	7,107,503	(393,163)	(5.53)%			
Plant services and facilities acquisition and maintenance	10,987,393	10,807,278	180,115	1.67 %			
Ancillary and community services	(1,590,885)	265,181	(1,856,066)	(699.92)%			
Debt service	5,238,248	8,497,143	(3,258,895)	(38.35)%			
Transfers to other agencies	907,459	2,554,825	(1,647,366)	(64.48)%			
Enterprise activities	(1,001,869)		(1,001,869)	100.00 %			
Total	\$ 79,495,103	\$ 92,896,090	\$(13,400,987)	(14.43)%			

The expense categories shown in Table 3 are summarized below.

[&]quot;Instruction" expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

[&]quot;Instruction-related services" and "Pupil services" include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils, as well as direct non-instructional services to students (including health, library, transportation, and other services).

[&]quot;General administration" costs include expenses associated with the administrative and financial supervision of the District.

[&]quot;Plant services" involve keeping the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in good working condition.

[&]quot;Other" includes expenses associated with the ancillary services, community services, enterprises services, and other outgo. reflects the cost of in-district students attending charter schools outside the District.

[&]quot;Interest and fiscal charges" involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other charges related to debt of the District.

Azusa Unified School District MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$107,600,925, which is an increase of \$22,163,469 from last year (Table 4).

Table 4 : District's Fund

	Balances and Activity						
	July 01, 2021,			Other Financing			Percentage
Governmental Fund	restated	Revenue	Expenditure	Sources/(Uses)	June 30, 2022	Change	Change
Major Fund							
General Fund	\$ 27,143,415	\$ 129,245,772	\$ 123,335,794	\$ 12,100	\$ 33,065,493	\$ 5,922,078	21.82 %
Building Fund	21,833,405	(1,176,493)	778,523	14,000,000	33,878,389	12,044,984	55.17 %
Total Major Fund Balance	48,976,820	128,069,279	124,114,317	14,012,100	66,943,882	17,967,062	36.68 %
Nonmajor Fund							
Student Activity Fund	397,314	113,212	59,670	-	450,856	53,542	13.48 %
Adult Education Fund	930,468	1,585,664	1,721,157	-	794,975	(135,493)	(14.56)%
Child Development Fund	150,926	1,273,486	1,328,821	-	95,591	(55,335)	(36.66)%
Cafeteria Fund	2,742,500	6,263,928	5,406,855	-	3,599,573	857,073	31.25 %
Capital Facilities Fund	1,376,901	570,016	374,767	4,459,010	6,031,160	4,654,259	338.02 %
State School Building Lease - Purchase Fund	179	(5)	-	-	174	(5)	(2.79)%
County School Facilities Fund	12,090,426	(361,949)	-	-	11,728,477	(361,949)	(2.99)%
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	10,118,613	452,898	-	-	10,571,511	452,898	4.48 %
Bond Interest and Redemption	8,641,291	8,525,624	9,782,189	-	7,384,726	(1,256,565)	(14.54)%
Tax Override	12,018	82		(12,100)		(12,018)	(100.00)%
Total Nonmajor Fund Balance	36,460,636	18,422,956	18,673,459	4,446,910	40,657,043	4,196,407	11.51 %
Total	\$ 85,437,456	\$ 146,492,235	\$ 142,787,776	\$ 18,459,010	\$ 107,600,925	\$ 22,163,469	25.94 %

The primary reasons for these increases/decreases are:

- The General Fund is the District's principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$5,922,078. This can be attributed to effective and proactive general budget management and oversight and increase in restricted program reserves.
- The Building Fund balance increased by \$12,044,984. This increase can be attributed to a new issue and sale of bonds to fund Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- The Nonmajor Governmental Fund balance increased by \$4,196,407.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the annual report on page 69.)

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual (GAAP	with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Total revenues	\$114,039,845	\$131,424,067	\$129,245,772	\$(2,178,295)
Total expenditures	102,229,302	125,649,685	123,335,794	(2,313,891)
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over/(under) expenditures	11,810,543	5,774,382	5,909,978	135,596
Total other financing sources/(uses)	(988,000)	(626,000)	12,100	638,100
Net change in fund balance	\$ 10,822,543	\$ 5,148,382	\$ 5,922,078	\$ 773,696

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$88,139,276 in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and depreciation) of \$4,953,391 from last year (Table 5).

Table 5: Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities						
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Net Change	Percentage Change			
CAPITAL ASSETS							
Land and construction in progress	\$ 3,116,150	\$ 1,547,182	\$ 1,568,968	101.41 %			
Land improvements	44,002,639	44,002,639	-	- %			
Buildings & improvements	161,882,433	161,882,433	-	- %			
Furniture & equipment	10,884,147	9,588,624	1,295,523	13.51 %			
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(131,746,093)	(123,928,211)	(7,817,882)	6.31 %			
Total Capital Assets	\$ 88,139,276	\$ 93,092,667	\$ (4,953,391)	(5.32)%			

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$276,255,733 in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$331,939,749 last year, a decrease of \$55,684,016. Long-term obligations consisted of:

Table 6: Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Governmental Activities					
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Change	Percentage Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						
General obligation bonds	\$ 184,746,614	\$ 175,775,915	\$ 8,970,699	5.10 %		
Certificates of Participation	4,740,000	4,920,000	(180,000)	(3.66)%		
Unamortized premiums/(discounts)	5,481,899	4,957,915	523,984	10.57 %		
Supplemental early retirement plan	1,181,907	1,771,961	(590,054)	(33.30)%		
Compensated absences	459,363	538,765	(79,402)	(14.74)%		
Claims liability	3,750,594	4,570,967	(820,373)	(17.95)%		
OPEB liability	17,367,299	19,695,119	(2,327,820)	(11.82)%		
Pension liability	58,528,057	119,709,107	(61,181,050)	(51.11)%		
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 276,255,733	\$ 331,939,749	\$ (55,684,016)	(16.78)%		

The District's general obligation bond rating continues to be AA- as rated by S&P Global Ratings previously known as Standard and Poor's. The State of California limits the amount of general obligation debt that districts can issue to five percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this statutorily-imposed limit.

Other liabilities include certificates of participation, supplemental early retirement plans, compensated absences payable, claims liabilities, pension liability, and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability. Detailed information regarding long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2022-23 year, the Board of Education and management used the following assumption:

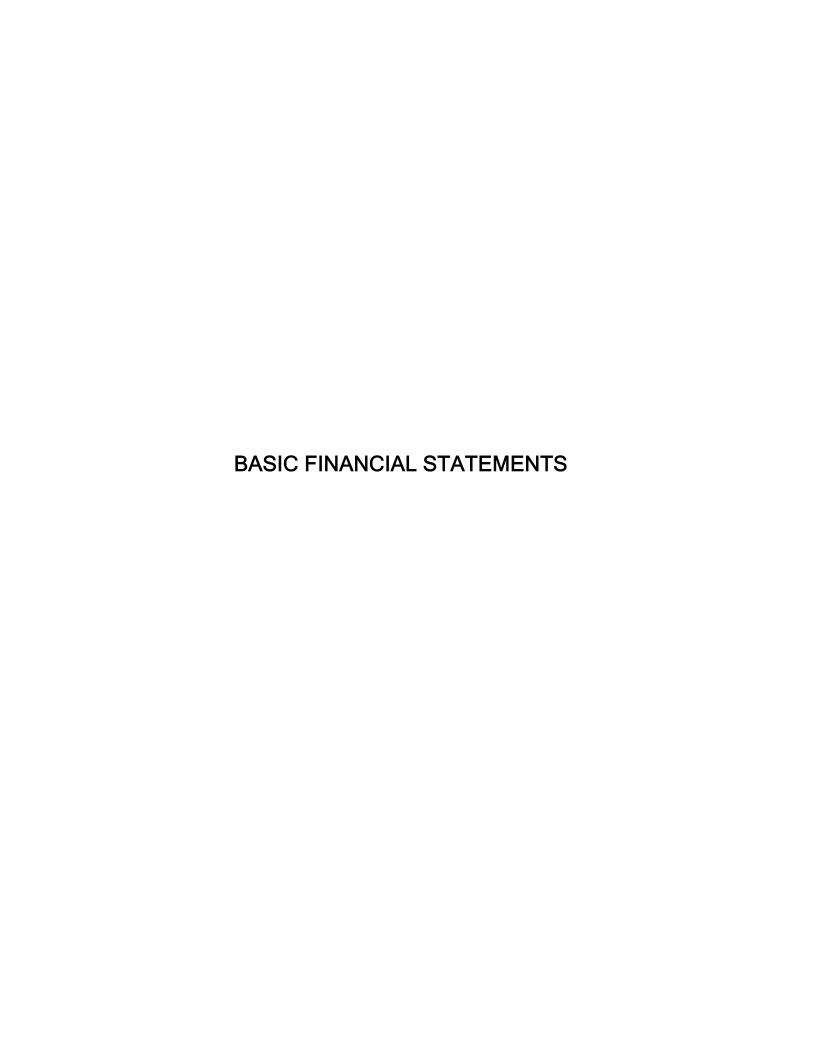
- The District utilized the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) when developing the budget.
- LCFF funding is based on \$13,436 per ADA. This represents an increase of \$904 per ADA from the 2022-2023 year.
- The District's projected an unduplicated pupil count of 5,847 or 85.17 percent.
- Average Teacher Salary and Benefits for 2022-23 for 187 days of teaching is \$101,557.
- The budget was built with the following FTE (full-time equivalent) allocations:
 - 419.14 (Certificated Staff)
 - 359.95 (Classified Staff)
 - 71 (Management/Supervisors/Confidential Staff)
- The fiscal year 2022-2023 includes Step and Column increase for Certificated, Classified, and Management.
- Increase in CalSTRS, CalPERS, and Health and Welfare rates.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact:

Latasha D. Jamal, Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Azusa Unified School District 546 South Citrus Avenue Azusa, California, 91702 e-mail at ljamal@azusa.org



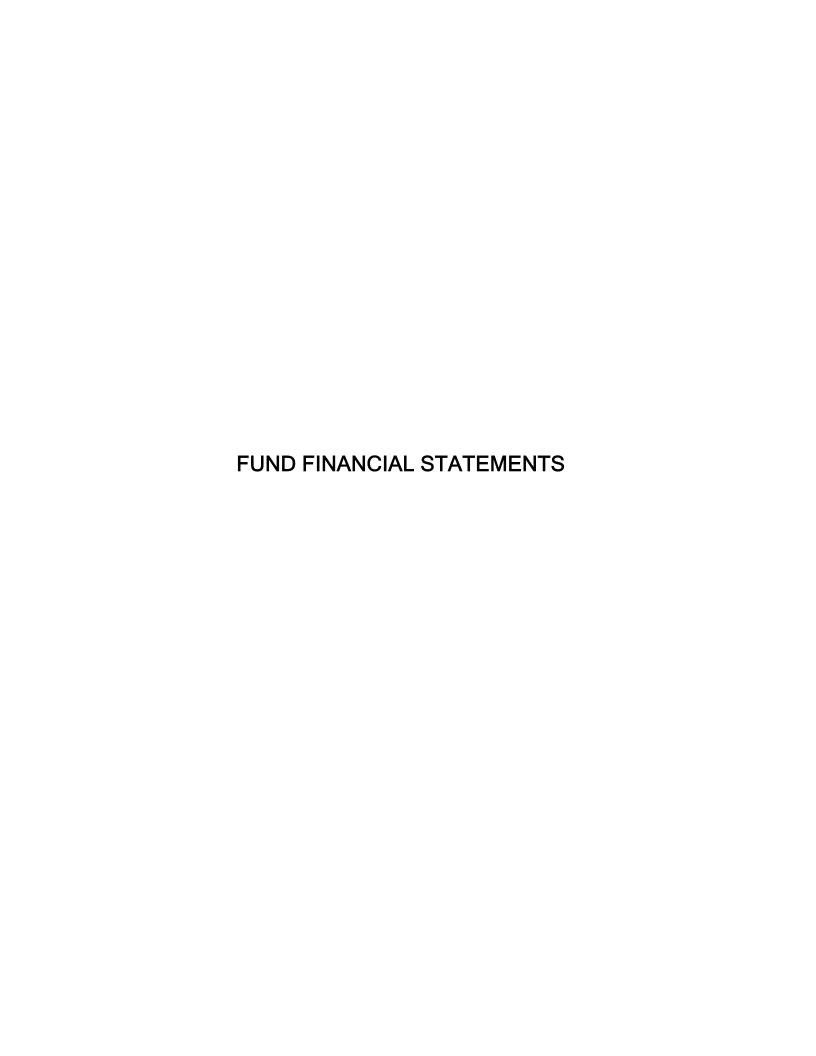


AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

33.12.33, 2322	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Other current assets Prepaid expenditures Stores inventory Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 126,151,071 14,144,777 388,005 1,497,005 19,167 3,116,150 85,023,126
Total assets	230,339,301
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	23,473,977 574,640 2,019,092 26,067,709
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	256,407,010
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Interest payable Unearned revenue Claims liability Long-term liabilities, other than OPEB and pension, current portion Long-term liabilities, other than OPEB and pensions, non-current	15,347,375 1,958,707 8,355,864 3,750,594 5,010,054
portion Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) Net pension liability	191,599,729 17,367,299 58,528,057
Total liabilities	301,917,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to OPEB	53,696,841 5,226,195
Total deferred inflows of resources	58,923,036
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	(94,352,790)
Capital projects	22,840,523
Debt service Educational programs Child nutrition services Self-insurance Others Unrestricted	427,156 3,650,446 7,145,267 - (44,144,307)
Total net position	(104,433,705)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 256,407,010

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Progra	m Rever	nues		Net (Expense)/ Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Function/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services and sales	Gra	erating nts and ributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction Instruction-related services	\$ 69,273,568	\$ 654,445	\$ 27	7,175,827	\$	(41,443,296)
Instructional supervision and administration Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration	4,415,334 2,155,078 8,104,795	48,183 - 4	2	2,448,255 107,352 813,545		(1,918,896) (2,047,726) (7,291,246)
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services All other pupil services	2,189,047 5,268,088 7,729,844	56,431 (18,280) 211,351		374,994 6,164,567 2,858,663		(1,757,622) 878,199 (4,659,830)
General administration Centralized data processing All other general administration Plant services Facilities acquisition and maintenance Ancillary services Enterprise activities	1,302,224 6,386,958 10,301,072 1,369,375 761,867 3,744,884	6,972 1,950 204,249 256 4,746,753	2	967,870 311,945 164,910 2,352,496		(1,302,224) (5,412,116) (9,987,177) (1,000,216) 1,590,885 1,001,869
Other outgo	5,238,248 1,440,009 \$129,680,391	216,654 \$6,128,968	\$ 44	315,896 1,056,320		(5,238,248) (907,459) (79,495,103)
Total governmental activities General revenues: Taxes and subventions: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for other specific purp Federal and state aid not restricted for speci Interest and investment earnings Intra agency revenue Other financing sources Miscellaneous	oses	<u>\$0,120,300</u>	Ψ +	<u>,,030,320</u>	<u>Ψ</u>	20,573,561 7,790,508 815,508 72,599,417 (4,171,552) 786,205 4,003,311 2,263,837
Total general revenues						104,660,795
Change in net position						25,165,692
Net position - beginning of year Restatement						(129,647,880)
Net position - beginning of year, restated						48,483 (129,599,397)
Net position - ending of year					\$	(104,433,705)



AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Other current assets Prepaid expenditures	\$ 41,626,571 11,634,461 388,005 1,410,123	\$ 33,902,026 66,177 -	\$ 38,829,985 2,400,519 - 16,992	\$ 114,358,582 14,101,157 388,005 1,427,115
Stores inventory		- _	19,167	19,167
Total assets	55,059,160	33,968,203	41,266,663	130,294,026
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	13,665,132	89,814	582,291	14,337,237
Unearned revenue	8,328,535	· -	27,329	8,355,864
Total liabilities	21,993,667	89,814	609,620	22,693,101
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	1,435,123 12,221,050 15,766,822 3,642,498	2,254,548 31,623,841	36,159 25,202,206 15,935,035 (516,357)	1,471,282 39,677,804 63,325,698 3,126,141
Total fund balances	33,065,493	33,878,389	40,657,043	107,600,925
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 55,059,160	\$ 33,968,203	\$ 41,266,663	\$ 130,294,026

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 107,600,925
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not short-term financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	219,885,369 (131,746,093)	88,139,276
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(1,958,707)
Long-term liabilities:		(1,000,101)
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:	(104 746 614)	
General obligation bonds Premium on bond issuance Certificates of participation Discount on certificates of participation Compensated absences (vacations) Supplemental early retirement plan	(184,746,614) (5,552,759) (4,740,000) 70,860 (459,363) (1,181,907)	(196,609,783)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding) Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Net pension liability	2,019,092 23,473,977 574,640	26,067,709
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Net pension liability	(5,226,195) (53,696,841)	(58,923,036)

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Internal service funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position for internal service funds is:

Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.

The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.

(17,367,299)

Total net position - governmental activities \$\frac{\pmathbf{104,433,705}}{\pmathbf{104,433,705}}\$

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES LCFF sources Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ 91,797,082 11,153,774 19,214,922 7,079,994	\$ - - - (1,176,493)	\$ - 6,369,497 2,844,299 9,209,160	\$ 91,797,082 17,523,271 22,059,221 15,112,661
Total revenues	129,245,772	(1,176,493)	18,422,956	146,492,235
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction	78,124,220	-	1,715,924	79,840,144
Instruction-related services Instructional supervision and administration Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration	4,163,378 1,685,996 7,382,483	- - -	251,956 - 722,312	4,415,334 1,685,996 8,104,795
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services	2,032,685 8,807		- 5,259,281	2,032,685 5,268,088
All other pupil services General administration Centralized data processing	7,436,745 1,224,201	-	136,737	7,573,482 1,224,201
All other general administration Plant services Ancillary services Facilities acquisition and maintenance	5,717,317 12,604,596 702,197 813,160	- - 542,023	278,738 91,885 59,670 14,192	5,996,055 12,696,481 761,867 1,369,375
Other outgo Debt service: Principal	1,440,009	-	5,541,560	1,440,009 5,541,560
Bond issuance costs Interest	-	236,500	4,601,204	236,500 4,601,204
Total expenditures	123,335,794	778,523	18,673,459	142,787,776
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over/(under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5,909,978	(1,955,016)	(250,503)	3,704,459
Transfer in Transfer out Proceeds from sale of bonds	654,439 (642,339)	- - 14,000,000	(12,100) -	654,439 (654,439) 14,000,000
All other financing sources			4,459,010	4,459,010
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,100	14,000,000	4,446,910	18,459,010
Net change in fund balance	5,922,078	12,044,984	4,196,407	22,163,469
Fund balances - beginning of year	27,143,415	21,833,405	36,412,153	85,388,973
Restatement			48,483	48,483
Fund balances - beginning of year, restated	27,143,415	21,833,405	36,460,636	85,437,456
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 33,065,493	\$ 33,878,389	\$ 40,657,043	<u>\$ 107,600,925</u>

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 22,163,469

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay

2,864,491

Depreciation expense

<u>(7,817,882)</u> (4,953,391)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt was:

General obligation bonds:

5,485,000

Certificate of participation:

180.000

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

Proceeds from bond issuance:

(14,000,000)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(455,699)

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(19,737)

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OPEB:

In governmental funds, Other postemployment are recorded in the governmental funds to the extend of amounts actually funded. In the statement of activities, however, the expenses is recorded for the full amount of the accrual - basis annual OPEB cost., was:

764.576

Compensated absences and early retirement incentives:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

669,456

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

15,230,612

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

Premium amortization (519,939)
Discount amortization (4,045)

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

625,390

Changes in net position - governmental activities

25,165,692

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 11,792,489 43,620 69,890
Total assets	11,905,999
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities Accounts payable Current portion of claims liabilities on unpaid claims and ULAE	1,010,138 667,921
Total current liabilities	1,678,059
Noncurrent liabilities Liabilities on unpaid claims and ULAE, net of current portion	3,082,673
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,082,673
Total liabilities	4,760,732
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	7,145,267
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,145,267</u>

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUE	
Charges for services	<u>\$ 4,746,753</u>
Total operating revenues	4,746,753
OPERATING EXPENSE	
Professional services and contracts	862,071
Insurance premiums	3,822,107
Credit for estimated unpaid claims	(873,762)
Credit for unallocated loss adjustment expenses	(65,532)
Total operating expenses	3,744,884
Operating income/(loss)	1,001,869
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	60,948
Fair market value adjustments	(437,427)
Total nonoperating revenues and (expenses)	(376,479)
Change in net position	625,390
Net position - beginning of year	6,519,877
Net position - ending of year	<u>\$ 7,145,267</u>

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Int	ternal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash receipts from interfund services provided Cash receipt from claims and claims administration Cash payments to other supplier for goods and services Cash payments for insurance premium	\$	4,746,753 72,190 115,696 (3,822,107)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,112,532
Cash flows from investing activities: Net loss on investment		(376,479)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(376,479)
Change in cash and cash equivalent		736,053
Cash and cash equivalent - beginning of year		11,056,436
Cash and cash equivalent - end of year	\$	11,792,489
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	1,001,869
Operating income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ф	1,001,669
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Unpaid claims and ULAE liabilities		(25,427) 120,076 977,767 (961,753)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,112,532

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

Azusa Unified School District (the "District") was organized in 1961 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades Kindergarten - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eleven elementary schools, three middle schools, two high schools, and two alternative education schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Azusa Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, Component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit described below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements For Certain Component units*, and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The Component units, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District

The Azusa Unified School District Facilities Corporation's (the "Corporation") financial activity is presented in the financial statements in the Building Fund. Certificates of participation issued by the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are typically financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and nonmajor governmental funds:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$4,189,399.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- Student Activity Fund The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- o Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or assigned for adult education programs and are to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- O Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

- Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (Education Code Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).
- State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund The State School Building Lease Purchase Fund is used primarily to account separately for State apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (Education Code Section 17000 et seq.).
- County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionment from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facilities construction, modernization projects, and facilities hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).
- o **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects is used to account for funds set aside for Board designated construction projects.

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (Education Code Sections 15125-15262).
- o Tax Override Fund The Tax Override Fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund Internal Service Funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates dental care and workers' compensation self-insurance programs that are accounted for in the internal service fund. In addition, the District accounts for their property and liability premium payments in an internal service fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared.

Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in the county investment pool are determined by the program sponsor.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and expenses in the proprietary funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings and improvements, 20 to 50 years; furniture, equipment, and vehicles, 5 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for OPEB related items and pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and MPP recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Leases

Lessee

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight? Inne basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
 charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
 rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
 District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term. Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- o The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- o The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions
 or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors,
 contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of
 the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the
 District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other
 action as approved by the governing board.
- Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that
 are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing
 board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for
 specific purposes.
- Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than five percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$34,924,173, of net position which is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The District adopted the following new accounting pronouncements issued by the GASB during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for 18 months.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* in June 2018. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement establishes a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers to eliminate diversity in practice. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

Implementation Guide No. 2019-3. *Leases*. The requirements of this Implementation Guide will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

The District is currently reviewing its accounting practices to determine the potential impacts on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

New Accounting Pronouncements - Cont'd

The GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* in January 2020. This Statement addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* in March 2020. This Statement will address accounting and financial reporting issues and implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rates. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021 and the requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* in March 2020. This Statement addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* in May 2020. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 in June 2020. This Statement provides guidance regarding the financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans. The Statement will also enhance (1) information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. Paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Statement were effective immediately whereas the remaining requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections is an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB issued Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences* is an update on the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 114,358,582
Proprietary funds	11,792,489
Total deposits and investments	\$ 126,151,071

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 452,606
Cash with fiscal agent	5,072,932
Cash in revolving	25,000
Investments	120,600,533
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 126,151,071</u>

Deposits and investments include negative cash in county balances that are classified as overdrafts in the financial statements.

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT - CONT'D

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County pool and money market funds.

The District maintains an investment of \$120,600,533, with the Los Angeles County Investment Pool. This investment has an average weighted maturity of 933 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool and money market funds are not required to be rated, nor have they been rated as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT - CONT'D

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the *California Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. At June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance of \$363,523 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund	Building Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	P 	roprietary Fund	G	Total Governmental Activities
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government	\$	7,152,109	\$ -	\$	2,136,489	\$	-	\$	9,288,598
Categorical aid Lottery		358,254 90,710	-		180,613 -		-		538,867 90,710
Local Government Other local sources		4,033,388	 66,177		83,417		43,620		4,226,602
TOTAL	\$	11,634,461	\$ 66,177	\$	2,400,519	\$	43,620	\$	14,144,777

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,491,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,491,489
Construction in progress	55,693	1,568,968		1,624,661
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,547,182	1,568,968		3,116,150
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	44,002,639	-	-	44,002,639
Buildings and improvements	161,882,433	-	-	161,882,433
Furniture and equipment	9,588,624	1,295,523		10,884,147
Total capital assets being depreciated	215,473,696	1,295,523		216,769,219
Total capital assets	217,020,878	2,864,491		219,885,369
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(7,170,100)	(2,058,608)	-	(9,228,708)
Buildings and improvements	(108,521,641)	(5,349,988)	-	(113,871,629)
Furniture and equipment	(8,236,470)	(409,286)		(8,645,756)
Total accumulated depreciation	(123,928,211)	(7,817,882)		(131,746,093)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 93,092,667	<u>\$ (4,953,391)</u>	\$ -	\$ 88,139,276

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 6,098,068
Instructional library, media, and technology	469,082
Home-to-school transportation	156,362
All other pupil services	156,362
Data processing	78,023
All other administration	390,903
Plant services	 469,082
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	\$ 7,817,882

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022, between major and nonmajor governmental funds, and internal service funds, are Nil.

Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfer From	 Amount	Transfer To	 Amount
General Fund Tax Override Fund	\$ 642,339 12,100	Deferred Maintenance Fund Deferred Maintenance Fund	\$ 642,339 12,100
Total	\$ 654,439		\$ 654,439

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

				Total				
				Go	vernmental		Proprietary	Governmental
	General Fund	Bu	ilding Fund		Funds		Fund	Activities
Vendor payables	\$ 13,665,132	\$	-	\$	582,291	\$	1,010,138	\$ 15,257,561
Construction			89,814			_	-	89,814
Total	<u>\$ 13,665,132</u>	\$	89,814	\$	582,291	\$	1,010,138	<u>\$ 15,347,375</u>

NOTE 7 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022, consists of the following:

	G	eneral Fund	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$	4,476,831	\$ 26,327	\$ 4,503,158
State categorical aid		3,851,704	-	3,851,704
Other local		-	 1,002	 1,002
Total	\$	8,328,535	\$ 27,329	\$ 8,355,864

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July			Balance June	Due In One
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>01, 2021</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	30, 2022	 Year
General obligation bonds	\$175,775,915	\$14,455,699	\$ 5,485,000	\$184,746,614	\$ 4,235,000
Certificates of participation	4,920,000	-	180,000	4,740,000	185,000
Premium on bond issuance	5,032,820	1,005,168	485,229	5,552,759	-
Discount on issuance	(74,905)	-	4,045	(70,860)	-
Supplemental early	, ,			, ,	
retirement plan	1,771,961	-	590,054	1,181,907	590,054
Compensated absences	538,765	-	79,402	459,363	-
Claims liability	4,570,967		820,373	3,750,594	 667,921
Total	\$192,535,523	\$15,460,867	\$ 7,644,103	\$200,360,377	\$ 5,677,975

Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments for certificates of participation are made by the Building Fund. The compensated absences will be paid for by the fund in which the employee worked which generally includes the General Fund, Adult Education Fund, Child Development Fund, and Cafeteria Fund. Claims liability is paid by the Internal Service Fund. The Supplemental early retirement plan is paid by the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

General Obligation Bonds

The District has pledged all revenues from the ad valorem taxes collected by Los Angeles County for the payment of all bonds of the District, heretofore or hereafter issued pursuant to voter approved measures of the District and amounts on deposit in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund to the payment of the principal or redemption price of and interest on the bonds.

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds				Bonds
	Maturity		Original	Outstanding		Interest		outstanding
Issue Date	Date	Interest Rate	Issue	June 30, 2021	Issued	 Accreted	Redeemed	June 30, 2022
07/10/02	7/1/2027	2.50 to 6.44%	\$29,998,763	\$ 6,696,518	\$ -	\$ 437,733	\$ -	\$ 7,134,251
01/07/10	8/1/2049	2.00 to 7.50%	57,455,978	68,994,397	-	17,966	(655,000)	68,357,363
09/01/11	7/1/2024	2.00 to 5.00%	20,285,000	10,105,000	-	-	(2,230,000)	7,875,000
08/04/15	8/1/2044	0.35 to 4.10%	28,000,000	24,135,000	-	-	· -	24,135,000
09/01/16	8/1/2032	2.00 to 5.00%	21,525,000	20,780,000	-	-	(150,000)	20,630,000
12/21/17	8/1/2042	2.00 to 5.00%	25,000,000	500,000	-	-	(250,000)	250,000
04/03/19	8/1/2044	4.00 to 5.00%	25,000,000	22,450,000	-	_	(1,925,000)	20,525,000
09/26/19	8/1/2041	1.71 to 2.90%	22,635,000	22,115,000	-	_	(275,000)	21,840,000
06/07/22	8/1/2048	5.0%	14,000,000		14,000,000	 		14,000,000
				<u>\$175,775,915</u>	\$14,000,000	\$ 455,699	\$ (5,485,000)	<u>\$184,746,614</u>

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

General Obligation Bonds - Cont'd

2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002

On July 10, 2002, the District issued General Obligation Bonds Election of 2002, Series 2002, in the amount of \$29,998,763. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on March 5, 2022, at which more than 55 percent of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$75 million of general obligation bonds. The issue consisted of Current Interest Serial Bonds of \$22,590,000 with stated interest rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 5.375 percent and fully maturing on July 1, 2022, Term Bonds of \$5,330,000 with a stated interest rate of 5.0 percent due July 1, 2027 and Capital Appreciation Serial Bonds of \$2,078,763 with a final maturity of July 1, 2027. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the renovation construction acquisition and improvement of local school facilities within the District. At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$7,134,251.

2010 General Obligation Revenue Bonds

On January 7, 2010, the District issued \$57,455,978 of General Obligation Revenue Bonds through the California School Facilities Financing Authority (the "Authority"). The net proceeds of \$53,357,775 (after issuance costs of \$3,799,143 and original issue discount of \$299,060) were used to advance refund \$59 million of the District's outstanding 2004 certificates of participation, in addition to paying the costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 7.50 percent, with a final maturity date of August 1, 2049. A portion of the bonds were refunded with the issuance of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$68,357,363.

2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 1, 2011, the District issued \$20,285,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The Bonds consist of serial bonds bearing fixed rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent with annual maturities from July 2012 through July 2024. The net proceeds of \$21,442,821 (after issuance costs of \$428,613 and original issue premium of \$1,586,434) were used to refund a portion of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds Election of 2002, Series 2002. Deferred charges on refunding of \$367,168 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$7,875,000 and unamortized premium was \$244,067.

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014, Series A

On August 4, 2015, the District issued General Obligation Bonds Election of 2014, Series A, in the amount of \$28,000,000. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 4, 2014, at which more than 55 percent of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$92 million of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued to finance certain authorized projects approved by the voters of the District. The bonds have a final maturity date of August 1, 2044, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00 percent. The District received net proceeds of \$28,129,634 (representing the principal amount of \$28,000,000 plus a premium of \$129,634). At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$24,135,000 and unamortized premium was \$98,138.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

General Obligation Bonds - Cont'd

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

On September 1, 2016, the District issued \$21,525,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The Bonds consist of current interest bonds bearing fixed rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent with a final maturity date of August 1, 2032. The net proceeds of \$23,780,757 (after issuance costs of \$332,701 and original issue premium of \$2,588,458) were used to refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2010 General Obligation Revenue Bonds. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow savings of \$3,845,600 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$3,004,761 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.47 percent. Deferred charges on refunding of \$2,153,740 remain to be amortized. As of June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$20,630,000 and unamortized premium was \$1,617,786.

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014, Series B

On December 21, 2017, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014, Series B, in the amount of \$25,000,000. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 4, 2014, at which more than 55 percent of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$92 million of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued to finance certain authorized projects approved by the voters of the District. The bonds had an initial final maturity date of August 1, 2042, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00 percent.

The District received net proceeds of \$27,396,473 (representing the principal amount of \$25,000,000, plus a premium of \$2,670,223, and issuance costs of \$273,750). During the current year the bonds were refunded with the issuance of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$250,000 and unamortized premium was \$21,955.

General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014, Series C

On April 3, 2019, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014, Series C, in the amount of \$25,000,000. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 4, 2014, at which more than 55 percent of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$92 million of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued to finance certain authorized projects approved by the voters of the District. The bonds have a final maturity date of August 1, 2044, with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent. The District received net proceeds of \$27,824,371 (representing the principal amount of \$25,000,000 plus a premium of \$3,098,121 and issuance costs of \$273,750). At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$20,525,000 and unamortized premium was \$2,621,487.

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019

On September 26, 2019, the District issued \$22,635,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The bonds consist of federally taxable serial bonds bearing interest rates ranging from 1.79 percent to 3.19 percent with a final maturity date of August 1, 2040. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow savings of \$5,756,538 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$3,850,897 based on the difference between present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.70 percent. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was 14,000,000.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

General Obligation Bonds - Cont'd

General Obligation Bonds Election of 2014, Series D

On June 7, 2022, the District issued General Obligation Bonds Election of 2014, Series D in the amount of \$14,000,000. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters of the District held on November 4, 2014, at which more than 55 percent of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$92 million of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued to finance certain authorized projects approved by the voters of the District. The bonds have a final maturity date of August 1, 2040, with interest rates 4.00 percent.

The District received net proceeds of \$14,768,668 (representing the principal amount of \$14,000,000 plus a premium of \$1,005,168 and issuance costs of \$236,500). At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$20,525,000 and unamortized premium was \$949,325.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2050 as follows:

Bonds Maturing	Pri	ncipal Including				
Fiscal Year	Ac	ccreted Interest	 Accreted Interest	 Paid at Maturity		Total
2023	\$	4,173,851	\$ 61,149	\$ 4,234,803	\$	8,469,803
2024		5,030,892	114,108	4,662,530		9,807,530
2025		5,277,525	167,475	4,513,527		9,958,527
2026		4,821,579	828,421	4,403,932		10,053,932
2027		5,007,610	1,082,390	4,346,304		10,436,304
2028-2032		38,318,153	1,131,847	17,990,356		57,440,356
2033-2037		41,344,316	26,189,763	10,596,685		78,130,764
2038-2042		44,967,574	49,184,765	5,936,258		100,088,597
2043-2047		28,348,937	67,251,976	1,031,905		96,632,818
2048-2050		7,456,177	 48,974,350	 	_	56,430,527
Total	\$	184,746,614	\$ 194,986,244	\$ 57,716,300	\$	437,449,158

Certificates of Participation

On May 28, 2015, the District issued \$4,920,000 of certificates of participation. The certificates consist of serial certificates for \$2,020,000 with interest rates ranging between 2.0 to 3.75 percent, with maturity dates through August 1, 2030. Additionally, the certificates consist of term certificates of \$750,000 and \$2,150,000 with interest rates of 4.0 percent and 4.25 percent, respectively. The term certificates mature on August 1, 2033 and August 1, 2040, respectively. The net proceeds were used to refund the District's outstanding 2012, certificates of participation. At June 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$4,740,000 and unamortized discount was \$70,860.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

Certificates of Participation - Cont'd

The certificates mature through 2041 as follows:

Bonds Maturing

Fiscal Year	Principal Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	185,000	\$	176,694	\$	361,694
2024		185,000		172,300		357,300
2025		190,000		167,375		357,375
2026		195,000		161,838		356,838
2027		205,000		155,709		360,709
2028-2032		1,120,000		667,353		1,787,353
2033-2037		1,355,000		424,669		1,779,669
2038-2041		1,305,000		113,793		1,418,793
Total	\$	4,740,000	\$	2,039,731	\$	6,779,731

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2022, amounted to \$459,363.

Supplemental Early Retirement Plan

During 2019-2020, the District offered a voluntary retirement program to qualified certificated and classified employees. Eligibility requirements are that employees must be at least age 55 with 10 or more years of service in the District as of June 30, 2020. VRP benefits are based on 85 percent of the STRS/PERS creditable compensation for the fiscal year. All contributions to the VRP plan will be made by the District, no employee contributions are required to participate. The District will fund the benefits over a five-year period. Currently, there are 36 employees participating in this plan and the District's obligation to those retirees as of June 30, 2022, is \$1,181,907.

Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Year Ending June 30 Paymer		
2023	\$	590,054	
2024		591,853	
	\$	1,181,907	

Claims Liability

Liabilities associated with dental claims and workers' compensation claims are reported when it is probably that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred by not reported (IBNR). Claims liabilities are based upon estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims considering recent claim settlement trends including the frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims is reported in the Internal Service Fund. The outstanding claims liability as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$3,631,673 using a discount factor of 2.0 percent. See Note 11 for additional details.

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported net OPEB liability deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Total OPEB Liability		0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense	
District Plan Medicare Premium Payment	\$	16,877,205	\$	574,640	\$	5,226,195	\$	(596,055)	
(MPP) Program		490,094						(168,521)	
Total	\$	17,367,299	\$	574,640	\$	5,226,195	\$	(764,576)	

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2021, the valuation date the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Retired participants	69
Active employees	744
· ·	
Total	<u>813</u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District the Azusa Educators Association (AEA) the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA) and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District's AEA, CSEA, and unrepresented groups. For the measurement period of June 30, 2022, the District paid \$965,975 in benefits (including implicit rate subsidies).

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY - CONT'D

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$16,877,205 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 2.75 percent average including inflation

Discount rate 4.09 percent Healthcare cost trend rates 7.00 percent

The discount rate was based on the 20-bond municipal bond yield.

Mortality rates for CalSTRS (certificated employees) were based on the 2021 experience study. Mortality rates for CalPERS (classified employees) were based on the 2017 experience study. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Tot	al OPEB Liability
Balance June 30 2021	\$	19,036,504
Service cost Interest Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience		932,093 424,843 (1,593,118) (957,142)
Benefit payments		(965,975)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,159,299)
Balance June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	16,877,205

Changes of assumptions and other inputs are as follows:

- The discount rate as of the end of the fiscal year changed from 2.18% to 4.09% based on the change in 20-year municipal bond yields.
- The healthcare cost trend was updated to a graded scale beginning with 7.00% in the 2022/2023 fiscal year grading down to an ultimate rate of 4.14%.
- Morbidity rates were updated based on the June 2013 Society of Actuaries Study entitled "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death".
- Mortality, termination, and retirement assumptions for non-certificated participants were updated to reflect the CalPERS 2021 experience study.

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY - CONT'D

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Tota	Total OPEB Liability			
1% decrease (3.09%)	\$	17,847,404			
Current discount rate (4.09%)	\$	16,877,205			
1% increase (5.09%)	\$	15,934,311			

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Tota	Total OPEB Liability			
1% decrease (6.0%)	\$	15,594,162			
Current healthcare cost trend rate (7.0%)	\$	16,877,205			
1% increase (8.0%)	\$	18,320,402			

OPEB Expense Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense (income) of \$(596,055). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources			
		- 574,640	\$	2,390,774 2,835,421	
Total	\$	574,640	\$	5,226,195	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Def	erred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023 2024	\$	(987,020) (987,020)
2025		(1,004,612)
2026 2027		(1,047,947) (297,121)
Thereafter		(327,835)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(4,651,555)

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY - CONT'D

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: https://www.calstrs.com/general-information/gasb-6768.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A.

Members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

As of June 30, 2021, 5,096 retirees participated in the MPP Program. The number of retired members who will participate in the program in the future is unknown as eligibility cannot be predetermined.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis from a portion of monthly employer contributions. In accordance with California Education Code section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$490,094 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school District actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively, was 0.1228 percent, and 0.1554 percent, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0326 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense (income) of \$(168,521).

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY - CONT'D

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the MPP Program as of June 30, 2021, was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021. Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the financial reporting actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, include:

Measurement DateJune 30, 2021Valuation DateJune 30, 2020

Experience Study June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Investment Rate of Return 2.16%

Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate* 4.50%

Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate* 5.40%

* - The assumed increases in the Medicare Part A and Part B Cost Trend Rates vary by year; however, the increases are approximately equivalent to a 4.5% and 5.4% increase each year for Medicare Part A and Part B, respectively.

Future Enrollment

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program as CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' ages increase. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility but are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 245 or an average of 0.16% of the potentially eligible population of 152,062.

Mortality

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP- 2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Discount Rate

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2021, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the California State Treasurer. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2021, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2021 was 2.16%, which is a decrease of 0.05% from 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 9 - NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY - CONT'D

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rates	 Net OPEB Liability			
1% decrease (1.16%)	\$ 540,218			
Current healthcare cost trend rate (2.16%)	\$ 490,094			
1% increase (3.16%)	\$ 447,268			

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability		
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 445,683		
Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	\$ 490,094		
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	\$ 541,010		

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Revolving cash Stores inventory Prepaid expenditures	\$ 25,000 - 1,410,123	\$ - - -	\$ - 19,167 16,992	\$ 25,000 19,167 1,427,115
Total nonspendable	1,435,123	-	36,159	1,471,282
Restricted Legally restricted programs Student activity Adult education Child development Food service Capital projects	12,221,050 - - - - -	- - - - 2,254,548	450,856 427,156 87,773 3,650,446 20,585,975	12,221,050 450,856 427,156 87,773 3,650,446 22,840,523
Total restricted	12,221,050	2,254,548	25,202,206	39,677,804
Assigned AEA reserve Supplemental and concentration	998,404	-	-	998,404
unspent Future rising costs Deferred maintenance Adult education Child development Capital Projects Debt services Other	8,285,878 2,326,117 604,719 - - - 3,551,704	- - - - 31,623,841 - -	350,827 7,818 8,191,664 7,384,726	8,285,878 2,326,117 604,719 350,827 7,818 39,815,505 7,384,726 3,551,704
Total assigned	15,766,822	31,623,841	15,935,035	63,325,698
Unassigned Reserve for economic uncertainties Unassigned	3,642,498		- (516,357)	3,642,498 (516,357)
Total unassigned	3,642,498		(516,357)	3,126,141
Total	\$ 33,065,493	\$ 33,878,389	\$ 40,657,043	<u>\$107,600,925</u>

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for property and liability coverage. The District participates in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers agency (JPA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded the insured coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in ASCIP for workers' compensation coverage. The intent of the JPA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating District is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the JPA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Participation in ASCIP is limited to districts that can meet the ASCIP's selection criteria. The District also has a portion of self-insured claims for workers' compensation for claims prior to joining ASCIP in 2019.

Employee Medical Benefits

Employee health benefits are covered by commercial insurance policies purchased by the District. The District has contracted with the Aetna Health Care Kaiser Permanent SafeGuard and Delta Dental and SafeGuard and VSP to provide employee health benefits. The District provides health insurance benefits to District employees electing to participate in the plan by paying a monthly premium based on the number of District employees participating in the plan.

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for dental insurance and workers' compensation claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022:

	Dental Care	Workers' Compensation	Total
Liability Balance, June 30, 2020 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 125,848 197,779 (182,247)	\$ 5,930,212 (895,116) (464,129)	\$ 6,056,060 (697,337) (646,376)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	141,380 75,158 (97,617)	4,570,967 (391,122) (548,172)	4,712,347 (315,964) (645,789)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022	118,921	3,631,673	3,750,594
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,000,491	<u>\$ 10,905,508</u>	\$11,905,999

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	eferred inflows f Resources	Pension expense (income)
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 37,199,461 21,328,596	\$ 19,412,351 4,061,626	\$ 43,489,078 10,207,763	\$ (13,563,707) (1,666,905)
Total	\$ 58,528,057	\$ 23,473,977	\$ 53,696,841	\$ (15,230,612)

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes as legislatively amended within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions assumptions (for funding but not accounting purposes) and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019, annual actuarial valuation report Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/general-information/gasb-6768.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012 with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 01, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program Defined Benefit Supplement Program Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Provisions and Benefits	STRP Defined Benefit Program and Supplement Program		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012.	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life.	
Retirement age	60	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of	2.00/ 2.40/	2.00/ 2.40/	
eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%	
Required employer contribution rate	16.92%	16.92%	
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%	

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payrolls using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period.

The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$13,280,358.

Pension Liabilities Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability including State share District's proportionate share of net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 37,199,461 18,717,716
Total	\$ 55,917,177

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was a follow:

Measurement Dates	Fiscal Year	CalSTRS
June 30, 2020	2020-21	0.000892
June 30, 2021	2021-22	0.000817
Change - Increase (Decrease)		(0.000075)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (income) of \$(13,563,707). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	ferred Outflows of Resources	D 	eferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	13,280,358	\$	-
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions		768,039		10,104,548
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		29,425,732
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability		93,187		3,958,798
Changes of assumptions		5,270,768		
Total	\$	19,412,352	\$	43,489,078

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The remaining amount will be recognized to pension expenses as follows:

		otal Deferred
	Out	flows/(Inflows) of
Year Ended June 30,		Resources
2023	\$	(7,401,504)
2024		(6,620,862)
2025		(9,174,503)
2026		(10,269,855)
2027		(1,939,458)
2028		(394,817)
Thereafter		(1,556,085)
Total	\$	(37,357,084)

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation, used the following methods and assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through Ju

lune 30, 2018

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

7.10% Discount rate 7.10% Investment rate of return* Consumer price inflation 2.75% Wage growth 3.50%

Postretirement benefit increases 2% simple for DB (annually) Maintain 85% purchase

power level for DB, not applicable for DBS/CBB

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20 - year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return**
Public equity	42.0%	4.80%
Real estate	15.0%	3.60%
Private equity	13.0%	6.30%
Fixed income	12.0%	1.30%
Risk mitigating strategies	10.0%	1.80%
Inflation sensitive	6.0%	3.30%
Cash/liquidity	2.0%	(0.40)%

^{** 20 -} year average.

^{*}Net of investment expenses but gross of administrative expenses.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

Mortality

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Uses of assumption and methods

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimate of the value of reported amounts (salaries, credited service, etc.) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations, etc.). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.10%) or 1% higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate	 Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 75,725,606
Current discount rate (7.10%)	\$ 37,199,461
1% increase (8.10%)	\$ 5,224,992

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes as legislatively amended within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions assumptions (for funding but not accounting purposes) and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/employers/actuarial-resources/gasb.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013 with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013) and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
	On or before On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%	
Required employer contribution rate	20.91%	20.91%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$3,420,818.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$21,328,596. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school district, actuarially determined.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Measurement Dates	Fiscal Year	CalPERS
June 30, 2020	2020-21	0.001084
June 30, 2021	2021-22	0.001049
Change - Increase (Decrease)		(0.000035)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (income) of \$(1,666,905). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share	\$	3,420,818	\$	-
of contributions		4,095		1,972,203
Differences between projected and actual earnings on				0 105 200
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience in		-		8,185,280
the measurement of the total pension liability		636,713		50,280
Total	\$	4,061,626	\$	10,207,763

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The remaining amount will be recognized to pension as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	otal Deferred lows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (2,088,047) (2,245,040) (2,465,356) (2,768,512)
Total	\$ (9,566,955)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

The total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Salary increase	Varies by entry age and service
Mortality rate table*	Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
Post-retirement benefit increase	2.0% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter

^{* -} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90 percent of scale MP-2016.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The Long-term expected rate of return plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return	
Asset Class *	Allocation	Years 1 -10**	Years 11+***	
Global equity	50.00 %	4.80 %	5.98 %	
Fixed income	28.00 %	1.00 %	2.62 %	
Inflation assets	- %	0.77 %	1.81 %	
Private equity	8.00 %	6.30 %	7.23 %	
Real assets	13.00 %	3.75 %	4.93 %	
Liquidity	1.00 %	-	(0.92)%	

^{*-} Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

^{**-} An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONT'D

***- An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Change in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.15%) or 1% higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate	<u> </u>	Net Pension Liability	
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$	35,963,008	
Current discount rate (7.15%)	\$	21,328,596	
1% increase (8.15%)	\$	9,178,894	

Social Security

As established by federal law, all public sector employees who are members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS and STRS annual comprehensive financial reports.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONT'D

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had no commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 14 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District participates in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers authority (JPAs) for property and liability and workers' compensation coverage. The District also participates in the Schools Excess Liability Fund JPA (SELF) for excess liability coverage above the ASCIP limit of \$5 million.

The California School Facilities Financing Authority (CSFFA) joint powers authority was formed for the public purpose of assisting in financing public capital improvements for the District.

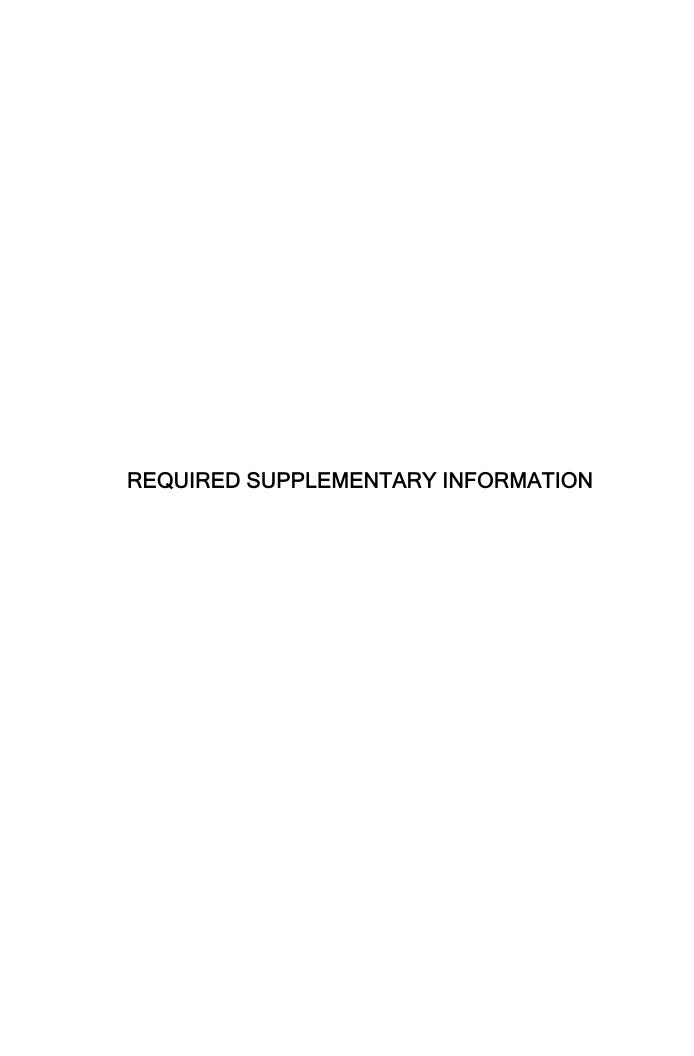
The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes. All debt issued by CSFFA on behalf of the District is included in the District's financial statements.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the District made payments of \$2,717,327 and \$0 to ASCIP and SELF respectively.

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District determined that changes to the beginning fund balance - governmental funds - Bond Interest and Redemption Fund and governmental activities were necessary for \$48,483. As a result, prior year financial statements have been restated by \$48,483 to show the effects of the change.



AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Final to Actual
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues LCFF sources Federal revenue Other state revenue Other local revenue	\$ 88,367,631 9,113,671 8,718,073 7,840,470	\$ 91,497,473 12,584,750 19,706,154 7,635,690	\$ 91,797,082 11,153,774 19,214,922 7,079,994	\$ 299,609 (1,430,976) (491,232) (555,696)
Total revenues*	114,039,845	131,424,067	129,245,772	(2,178,295)
Expenditures				
Current Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books & supplies Services and other operating expenditures Other outgo excluding transfers of indirect costs	43,920,649 16,471,835 19,413,626 3,692,183 15,281,386 3,422,556	45,261,054 17,244,068 24,972,659 15,368,294 18,956,919 3,457,624	47,593,137 16,601,846 27,072,142 8,359,663 20,925,841 1,440,009	(2,332,083) 642,222 (2,099,483) 7,008,631 (1,968,922) 2,017,615
Other outgo - Transfers of indirect costs	(220,933) 248,000	(220,933) 610,000	(278,739) 1,621,895	57,806 (1,011,895)
Capital outlay Total expenditures*	102,229,302	125,649,685	123,335,794	2,313,891
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over/(under) expenditures	11,810,543	5,774,382	5,909,978	135,596
Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	12,000 (1,000,000)	12,000 (638,000)	654,439 (642,339)	642,439 (4,339)
Total other financing sources/(uses)	(988,000)	(626,000)	12,100	638,100
Net change in fund balance	10,822,543	5,148,382	5,922,078	773,696
Fund balance - beginning of year	27,143,415	27,143,415	27,143,415	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 37,965,958	\$ 32,291,797	\$ 33,065,493	\$ 773,696

^{*-} Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay for reporting purpose into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditure pertaining to these funds are included in the actual revenue and expenditure, however are not included in the original and final budgeted amounts.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_ <u>J</u> ι	une 30, 2022	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	_ <u>J</u> ı	une 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Cost	\$	932,093	\$	896,883	\$	864,884	\$	863,624	\$	871,811
Interest on total OPEB liability		424,843		489,453		642,419		659,235		664,637
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		290,693		229,272
Changes of assumptions		(1,593,118)		510,053		(2,575,751)		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(957,142)		-		(2,750,213)		-		-
Benefits payments		(965,975)		(722,264)		(953,123)		(869,112)		(870,505)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,159,299)		1,174,125		(4,771,784)		944,440		895,215
Total OPEB liability - beginning		19,036,504		17,862,379		22,634,163		21,689,723		20,794,508
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	16,877,205	\$	19,036,504	\$	17,862,379	\$	22,634,163	\$	21,689,723
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*
Measurement date	Jı	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018

^{*-} The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust, and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1228 %	0.1554 %	0.1631 %	0.1638 %	0.1716 %
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 490,094	\$ 658,615	\$ 607,342	\$ 626,892	\$ 722,123
District's covered-employee payroll	N/A ¹				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	N/A ¹				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.80)%	(0.71)%	(0.81)%	(0.40)%	0.01 %
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

CalSTRS	<u>J</u>	<u>une 30, 2022</u>	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2021	<u>J</u> ι	une 30, 2020	<u>J</u> ı	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0817%		0.0892%		0.0922%		0.0912%		0.0948%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	37,199,461	\$	86,434,765	\$	83,264,728	\$	83,862,092	\$	87,679,321
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		18,717,716		44,557,132	_	45,426,468	_	48,014,970	_	51,870,346
Total	\$	55,917,177	\$	130,991,897	\$	128,691,196	\$	131,877,062	\$	139,549,667
District's covered payroll	\$	45,985,952	\$	49,065,187	\$	50,518,311	\$	49,886,757	\$	48,783,800
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		80.89%		176.16%		164.82%		168.10%		179.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.00%		72.00%		73.00%		71.00%		69.00%

CalSTRS	<u> Jι</u>	ıne 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0963%		0.0972%	0.0950%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	77,905,059	\$	65,435,675	\$ 55,515,150
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		44,349,960	_	34,608,259	33,522,444
Total	\$	122,255,019	\$	100,043,934	\$ 89,037,594
District's covered payroll	\$	47,216,533	\$	40,030,755	\$ 43,087,648
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		165.00%		163.46%	128.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.00%		74.00%	77.00%

CalPERS	<u>Jι</u>	<u>ine 30, 2022</u>	<u>Jι</u>	une 30, 2021	<u>Jι</u>	une 30, 2020	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2019	<u>Jι</u>	ine 30, 2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.1049%		0.1084%		0.1121%		0.1145%		0.1151%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	21,328,596	\$	33,274,342	\$	32,683,155	\$	30,529,054	\$	27,489,271
District's covered payroll	\$	15,903,820	\$	15,899,650	\$	18,451,622	\$	15,142,991	\$	14,354,356
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		134.11%		209.28%		177.13%		201.61%		191.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.97%		70.00%		70.00%		71.0%		72.0%

CalPERS	<u> Jι</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2017</u>	<u> Jι</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2016</u>	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.1167%		0.1163%		0.1152%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	23,039,876	\$	17,147,484	\$	13,078,005
District's covered payroll	\$	13,856,698	\$	11,917,553	\$	12,259,185
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		166.27%		143.88%		106.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.0%		79.0%		83.0%

CalSTRS	<u> Jι</u>	<u>ine 30, 2022</u>	<u> Jι</u>	une 30, 2021	<u>Jı</u>	<u>une 30, 2020</u>	<u>Jı</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2019</u>	<u>Jι</u>	ine 30, 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	13,280,358	\$	7,262,460	\$	8,390,147	\$	8,224,381	\$	7,198,659
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(13,280,358)		(7,262,460)		(8,390,147)		(8,224,381)		(7,198,659)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$	45,985,952	\$	44,968,793	\$	49,065,187	\$	50,518,311	\$	49,886,757
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		28.88%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%

CalSTRS	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2017</u>	<u> Jι</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2016</u>	<u>J</u> ι	une 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,137,002	\$	5,066,334	\$	3,554,731
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(6,137,002)		(5,066,334)		(3,554,731)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	48,783,800	\$	47,216,533	\$	40,030,755
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

CalPERS	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	<u>Jι</u>	une 30, 2021	<u>Jı</u>	une 30, 2020	<u>Jı</u>	une 30, 2019	<u>Jι</u>	<u>une 30, 2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,420,818	\$	3,118,659	\$	3,135,570	\$	3,332,732	\$	2,351,858
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(3,420,818)		(3,118,659)		(3,135,570)		(3,332,732)		(2,351,858)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	15,903,820	\$	15,065,546	\$	15,899,650	\$	18,451,622	\$	15,142,991
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		21.51%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%

CalPERS	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2017</u>	<u> Jι</u>	<u>ıne 30, 2016</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>une 30, 2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,993,820	\$	1,641,303	\$	1,402,696
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(1,993,820)		(1,641,303)		(1,402,696)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	14,354,356	\$	13,856,698	\$	11,917,553
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.89%		11.84%		11.77%

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the *California Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations.
- Changes of Assumptions The discount rate as of the end of the fiscal year changed from 2.18% to 4.09% based on the change in 20-year municipal bond yields. The healthcare cost trend was updated to a graded scale beginning with 7.00% in the 2022/2023 fiscal year grading down to an ultimate rate of 4.14%. Morbidity rates were updated based on the June 2013 Society of Actuaries Study entitled "Health Care Costs From Birth to Death". Mortality, termination, and retirement assumptions for non-certificated participants were updated to reflect the CalPERS 2021 experience study.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - MPP Program and the Plan's fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.21 percent to 2.16 percent since the previous valuation.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES - CONT'D

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

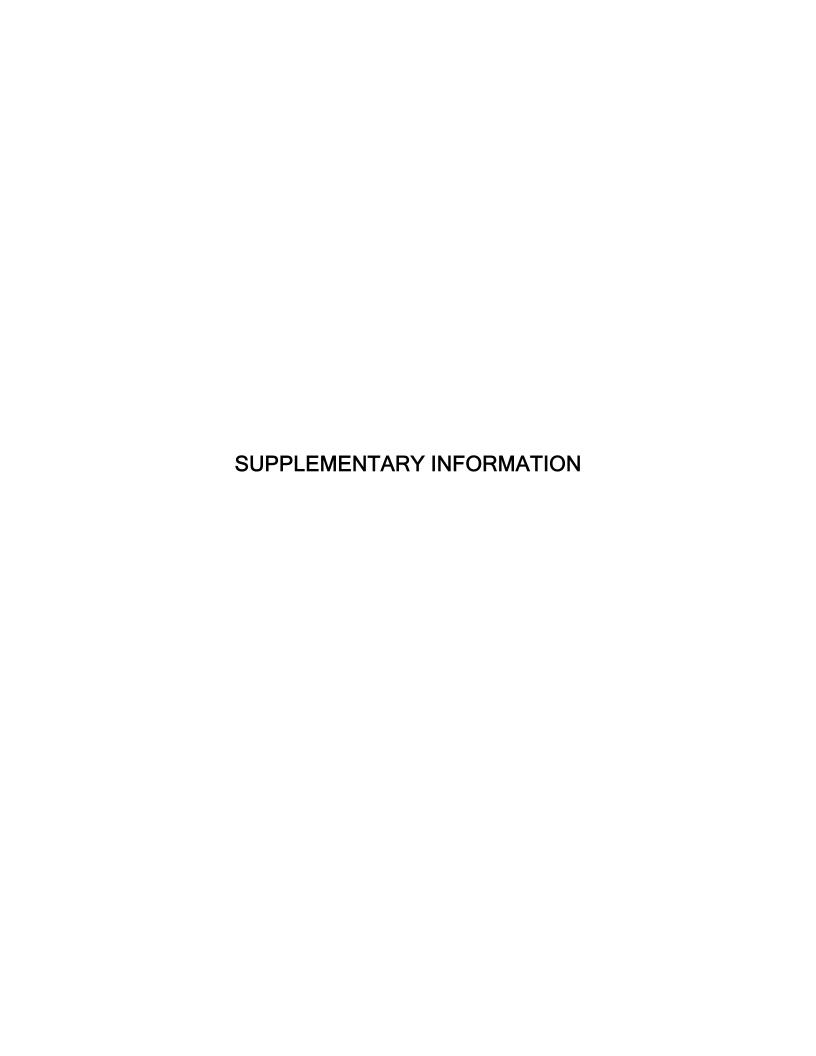
Schedule of District Contributions

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

	CalPERS	CalSTRS
Valuation date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry- Age Normal Cost	Entry- Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate	7.15%	7.10%
Inflation	2.50%	2.75%
Payroll growth rate	2.75%	3.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by entry age and service	Varies by entry age and service
Investment rate of return ¹	7.15%	7.10%
Mortality rate table	Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds	Derived using CalSTRS' membership data for all funds

¹ Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.



AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Federal Assistance	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Program	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Listing Number	<u>Number</u>	Expenditures	_
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)				
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster:				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund I	84.425	15536	\$ 292,155	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III, Instructional Time	84.425U	10155	281,955	
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	15517	345,871	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	926,057	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619	212,538	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	603,682	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	1,040,643	_
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster			3,702,901	_
Special Education Cluster				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,563,941	
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Early Intervening Services	84.027	10119	89,038	
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	49,024	
IDEA Part B, Sec 619, Preschool Grants Early Intervening Services	84.173	10131	125	
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	25	_
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			1,702,153	_

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TON THE TEAN EN	Federal	Pass-Through	
	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Program
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Listing Number	Number	Expenditures
Other Program:			
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	2,594,556
ESEA: ESSA School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	405,512
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part C, Migrant Ed (Regular and Summer	04.010	10-100	400,012
Program)	84.011	14326	19,906
ESEA (ESSA): Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction			
Local Grants	84.367	14341	272,025
ESEA (ESSA): Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning			
Centers Program	84.287	14349	1,138,272
ESEA (ESSA): Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning	04.404	15000	04.050
Centers Program	84.424	15396	61,952
ESEA (ESSA): Title III, Immigrant Student Program	84.365	15146	9,342
ESEA (ESSA): Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	42,367
Other Federal: AB 114 CANS Demonstration Project and AB 114			
Implementation Grant	84.027	01110	983,912
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st			
Century (Perkins V): Secondary, Sec. 131	84.048	14894	95,183
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	138,701
Total Other Program			5,761,728
Adult Education- Basic Grants to States:			
Adult Basic Education & ELA (Section 231)	84.002A	14508	54,719
Adult Secondary Education (Section 231)	84.002	13978	47,612
English Literacy & Civics Education - Local Grant	84.002A	14109	94,220
Subtotal Adult Education- Basic Grants to States			196,551
Total U.S. Department of Education			11,363,333

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS):			
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act- One-time Stipend	93.575	15640	88,274
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			88,274
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through California Department of Agriculture (CDA)			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.553	13524	4,311,154
Child Nutrition: Summer Food Service Program Operations	10.559	13004	292,200
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			4,603,354
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	613,263
Other Program			
Child Nutrition: Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	26,087
CACFP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.558	15577	11,755
SNP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.555	15637	152,397
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			5,406,856
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 16,858,463</u>

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Final I	Final Report		
	Second Period Report	Annual Report		
Regular ADA				
Transitional kindergarten through third	1,820.29	1,860.68		
Fourth through sixth	1,330.94	1,338.06		
Seventh and eighth	907.82	909.26		
Ninth through twelfth	1,628.62	1,624.44		
Total Regular ADA	5,687.67	5,732.44		
Independent Study				
Transitional kindergarten through third	10.79	9.24		
Fourth through sixth	6.53	5.93		
Seventh and eighth	7.34	7.19		
Ninth through twelfth	11.48_	11.36		
Total Independent Study	36.14	33.72		
Home and Hospital				
Seventh and eighth	-	0.17		
Ninth through twelfth	2.00	2.00		
Total Home and Hospital	2.00	2.17		
Special Education				
Transitional kindergarten through third	50.12	51.36		
Fourth through sixth	30.92	31.03		
Seventh and eighth	28.78	29.62		
Ninth through twelfth	95.17	94.74		
Total Special Education	204.99	206.75		
Continuation Education				
Ninth through twelfth	175.25	166.12		
Total ADA A-1	6,106.05	6,141.20		
Extended Year Special Education				
Transitional kindergarten through third	-	0.83		
Fourth through sixth	-	2.25		
Seventh and eighth	-	0.73		
Ninth through twelfth		10.03		
Total ADA A-3	6,106.05	6,155.04		

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Numbei	r of Days	<u>-</u>		
Grade Level	1986-87 Minutes Requirement	2021-22 Actual Minutes	Traditional Calendar	Multitrack Calendar	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	41,997	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,856	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,856	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	52,044	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,409	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,409	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,409	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	54,648	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	54,648	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,150	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	65,150	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	65,150	180	-	-	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	65,150	180	-	-	180	In Compliance

The District did not file J-13A during the year 2021-2022.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2023 (Budget)*	2022	2021	2020
General fund - budgetary basis***				
Revenues Other sources	\$159,687,463 	\$129,366,954 	\$121,622,141 	\$117,543,092 15,396
Total revenues and other sources	159,687,463	129,366,954	121,622,141	117,558,488
Expenditures Other uses and transfer out	167,128,030 580,000	120,774,239 642,339	114,187,781 1,000,000	112,295,255 6,918,222
Total expenditures and other uses	167,708,030	121,416,578	115,187,781	119,213,477
Net change in fund balance	(8,020,567)	7,950,376	6,434,360	(1,654,989)
Ending fund balance	\$ 20,369,509	\$ 28,390,076	\$ 20,439,700	\$ 14,005,340
Available reserves**	\$ 5,031,241	\$ 3,642,498	\$ 3,455,635	\$ 14,510,565
Available reserves as a percentage of outgo	3.00 %	3.00 %	3.00 %	12.17 %
Total long-term liabilities	N/A	\$276,255,733	\$331,939,749	\$331,259,996
Average daily attendance at P-2	6,659	6,106	7,318	7,318

The General Fund balance has increased by \$14,384,736 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$8,020,567 or 28.25%. For the District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The District met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in the past two years out of three but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$55,004,263 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,212 over the past two years. An increase of 553 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2022-2023.

Note

- * Budget 2023 is included for analytical purpose only and has not been subjected to audit.
- ** Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects.
- *** General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2022.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No charter schools are chartered by Azusa Unified School	DISTRICT.
Charter Schools	Included in Audit?
None	N/A

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Student tivity Fund	E	Adult Education Fund	D	Child evelopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	5	State School Building Lease Purchase Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures Stores inventory	\$ 450,856 - - -	\$	666,112 216,291 16,992	\$	132,846 64,718 -	\$ 1,936,776 2,045,007 - 19,167	\$ 6,020,993 12,017 -	\$	174 - - -
Total assets	 450,856		899,395		197,564	 4,000,950	 6,033,010		174
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue	 - -		104,420 -		101,973 -	374,048 27,329	1,850 -		- -
Total liabilities	 		104,420		101,973	401,377	1,850		
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 - 450,856 - -		16,992 427,156 350,827		87,773 7,818	19,167 3,650,446 - (70,040)	6,082,896 - (51,736)		- - 174 <u>-</u>
Total fund balances	450,856		794,975		95,591	 3,599,573	 6,031,160		174
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 450,856	\$	899,395	\$	197,564	\$ 4,000,950	\$ 6,033,010	\$	174

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Tax Override Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures Stores inventory	\$ 11,695,055 33,422 - -	\$ 10,542,448 29,063 - 	\$ 7,384,726 - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 38,829,986 2,400,518 16,992 19,167
Total assets	11,728,477	10,571,511	7,384,726		41,266,663
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	582,291 27,329
Total liabilities					609,620
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	- 12,123,058 - (394,581)	2,380,021 8,191,490 	- - 7,384,726 	- - - -	36,159 25,202,206 15,935,035 (516,357)
Total fund balances	11,728,477	10,571,511	7,384,726		40,657,043
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 11,728,477	<u>\$ 10,571,511</u>	\$ 7,384,726	<u>\$</u>	\$ 41,266,663

	Student tivity Fund	 Adult Education Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund
REVENUES: Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ - - 113,212	\$ 196,551 1,395,292 (6,179)	\$	85,800 1,153,636 34,050
Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current	 113,212	 1,585,664		1,273,486
Instruction Instruction related services	-	775,392		940,532
Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services	-	50,668 635,966		201,288 86,346
Food services All other pupil services Administration	-	- 136,737		-
All other general administration Plant services	- - 50.670	62,938 59,456		71,666 28,989
Ancillary services Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service: Principal	59,670 - -	-		- -
Interest Total expenditures	 - 59,670	 - 1,721,157		1,328,821
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	00,070	 1,721,107		1,020,021
expenditures	 53,542	 (135,493)		(55,335)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer out All other financing sources	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		 		
Net change in fund balance	53,542	 (135,493)		(55,335)
Fund balance - beginning of year	397,314	930,468		150,926
Restatement	 	 		
Fund balance - beginning of year, restated	 397,314	 930,468		150,926
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 450,856	\$ 794,975	\$	95,591

		Cafeteria Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	State Sc Building L Purchase	.ease
REVENUES: Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$	6,087,146 250,802 (74,020)	\$	- - 570,016	\$	- - (5)
Total revenues EXPENDITURES:		6,263,928	_	570,016		(5)
Current Instruction Instruction related services		-		-		-
Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services		-		-		- -
Food services All other pupil services		5,259,281 -		-		- -
Administration All other general administration Plant services		144,134 3,440		-		- -
Ancillary services Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-		- 14,192		-
Principal Interest		<u>-</u>		180,000 180,575		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		5,406,855		374,767		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		857,073		195,249		(5)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer out All other financing sources		- -		- 4,459,010		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		4,459,010		
Net change in fund balance		857,073		4,654,259		(5)
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,742,500		1,376,901		179
Restatement	_					
Fund balance - beginning of year, restated	_	2,742,500		1,376,901		179
Fund balance - end of year	\$	3,599,573	\$	6,031,160	\$	174

	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund
REVENUES: Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ - (361,949)	\$ - - 452,898	\$ - 44,569 8,481,055
Total revenues	(361,949)	452,898	8,525,624
EXPENDITURES: Current Instruction Instruction related services	-	-	-
Supervision of instruction School site administration	- -	- -	-
Pupil services Food services			
All other pupil services	-	- -	-
Administration All other general administration	_	_	_
Plant services	-	-	-
Ancillary services Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-
Debt service: Principal Interest			5,361,560 4,420,629
Total expenditures			9,782,189
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(361,949)	452,898	(1,256,565)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer out All other financing sources	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Net change in fund balance	(361,949)	452,898	(1,256,565)
Fund balance - beginning of year	12,090,426	10,118,613	8,592,808
Restatement			48,483
Fund balance - beginning of year, restated	12,090,426	10,118,613	8,641,291
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 11,728,477	\$ 10,571,511	\$ 7,384,726

	Tax Override Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ - 82	\$ 6,369,497 2,844,299 9,209,160
Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current	82	18,422,956
Instruction Instruction related services	-	1,715,924
Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services	- -	251,956 722,312
Food services All other pupil services Administration	-	5,259,281 136,737
All other general administration Plant services Ancillary services	- - -	278,738 91,885 59,670
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service: Principal Interest	- -	14,192 5,541,560 4,601,204
Total expenditures		18,673,459
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	82	(250,503)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer out All other financing sources	(12,100)	(12,100) 4,459,010
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,100)	4,446,910
Net change in fund balance	(12,018)	4,196,407
Fund balance - beginning of year	12,018	36,412,153
Restatement		48,483
Fund balance - beginning of year, restated	12,018	36,460,636
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ 40,657,043

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

Azusa Unified School District was established in 1961 and consists of an area comprising approximately 150 square miles. The District operates eleven elementary schools, three middle schools, two high schools, and two alternative education schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

The Board of Education and the District Administrators at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Adrian Greer	President	2022
Sabrina Bow, Ed.D.	Vice President	2024
Gabriela Arellanes	Member	2022
Yolanda Rodriguez-Pena	Member	2024
Xilonon Cruz- Gonzalez	Clerk	2022

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Arturo Ortega Superintendent

Norma Carvajal-Camacho

Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Latasha D.Jamal Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Jorge Ronquillo
Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, change in fund balance, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percentage de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$2,489 food commodities in inventory.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46206. The District must maintain their instructional minutes at 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES - CONT'D

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Azusa Unified School District Azusa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Azusa Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Azusa Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Azusa Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Azusa Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Azusa Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Azusa Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harshwal & Company llP

San Diego, California January 17, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REPORTING REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Azusa Unified School District Azusa, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Azusa Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Azusa Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Azusa Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Azusa Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Azusa Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Azusa Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Azusa Unified School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Azusa Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Azusa Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Azusa Unified School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Azusa Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Azusa Unified School District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harshwal & Company llP

San Diego, California January 17, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE REPORTING

To the Board of Education Azusa Unified School District Azusa, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Azusa Unified School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2021-22 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the *2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Program Name	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies other than Charter Schools	
Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early Retirement Incentive GANN Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No, see below Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Comprehensive School Safety Plan District of Choice	No, see below Yes Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools California Clean Energy Jobs Act After/Before School Education and Safety Program Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Local Control Accountability Plan Independent Study-Course Based Immunizations Educator Effectiveness Expended Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G) Career Technical Education Incentive Grant In Person Instruction Grant	Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes No, see below Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes
Charter Schools Attendance Mode of Instruction Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below No, see below No, see below No, see below No, see below

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because ADA was below the threshold required for testing.

The District does not offer a Work Experience Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Work Experience Program within the Continuation Education Attendance Program.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

The District does not offer an Apprenticeship Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for the Apprenticeship Program.

The District does not offer a District of Choice Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for the District of Choice Program.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the After/Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer an Independent Study-Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study-Course Based Program.

The District does not have any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for Charter School Programs.

Harshwal & Company llP

San Diego, California January 17, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:

Financial Statemen	<u>ts</u>		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over	financial reporting:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		No	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		None reported	
 Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 		No	
<u>Federal Awards</u>			
Internal control over	major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		No	
Identification of majo	or programs:		
Assistance Listing	N		
Number (ALN)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.425 84.010 84.287	Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA) ESEA (ESSA): Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No	
State Awards			
Internal control over	state programs:		
 Material weaknesses identified? 		No	
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported	

Unmodified

SECTION II - AUDIT FINDINGS IN RELATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIVE DIGIT CODE 20000 30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
Inventory of Equipment
Internal Control

There were no findings related to the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FIVE DIGIT CODE AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance 50000

There were no findings and questioned costs related to federal awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no findings and questioned costs related to state awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINDING	PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	STATUS
2021-001	Financial Statement Misstatement - Material weakness	Resolved
2021-002	Noncompliance related to School Accountability Report Card (SARC)	Resolved